

Understanding Servers

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What is a server?

- Desktop
- Workstation
- Server



Functional Roles

- Data Storage
- Application Host
- GeoProcessing Server
- Spatial Data Management
- Website Host
- E-mail

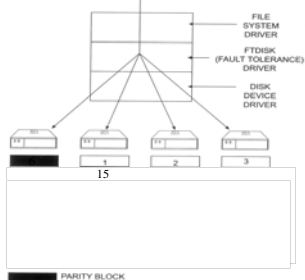
Data Storage

- NAS
- SAN

Data Storage: Fault Tolerance

- RAID=Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks
- Hardware or software implementation
- Level 0,1,5,10
- Minimum four disks on server
- Hard disk types
 - IDE
 - SCSI
 - Hot-swappable

Data Storage: The Way Fault Tolerance Works!



Data Storage: RAID and RAIS

- Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks
- Redundant Array of Inexpensive Servers

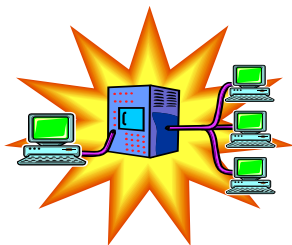
Hints and Tips: The 5-nines

- 99.999% of the time...
- Servers are operational and functioning
- How much down-time does this allow?
 - 5 minutes!
 - No longer even a goal!
 - Why?



Application Host

- GIS software-host server (application server)
- GIS software license server

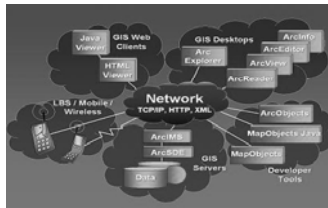


GeoProcessing Server

- Arc/Info application resides on server with GeoProcessing Services running
- Clients have the desktop or workstation application installed
- Large tasks are processed by the server
 - Can utilize >1 processor

Spatial Data Management

- SDE=Spatial Database Engine
- Requires DBMS
- ArcSDE
- Spatial library organized with a RDBMS

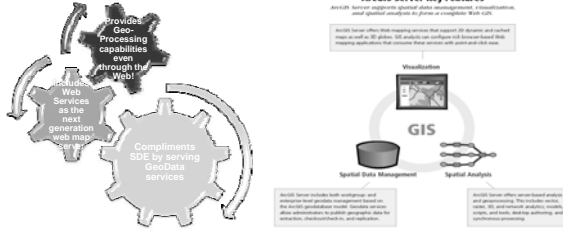


Web Server

- IIS
 - Overview of structure on host server
 - Client access (<http://giscenter.isu.edu>)
- IMS
 - Serving maps



ArcGIS Server



Types of Server Hardware

- Glorified desktops
- Standard Rack-based
- Blade
 - Rack based, but not limited to 42 Units
 - Can contain more than CPU

Professional Tips

- Graphics files folder for your web site
- Data folder for clients
- Data liability policy
- Use of Temp folders
- System Administration:
 - Do not allow write access from remote clients anywhere on your system!
- Security
 - Web access is principal security threat
 - FTP is a primary avenue for intrusion
 - Dynamic IP addressing

Applying Security to Your Server

- Reactive:
 - TCP/IP exclusion
- Proactive
 - Service packs
 - Updating anti-virus dictionaries
 - Disabling and uninstalling FTP
 - Firewalls

Security (cont'd)

- Backup your data
 - Mission critical
 - Critical
 - Non-critical data



Key Concepts

- A server is best defined by its **Functional Role**.
- You should now know several roles for GIS servers.
- Fault tolerance addresses **data integrity**.
- Proactive security measure address **data security**.

Questions...Assignment